UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

	for the
	District of New Mexico
United States of America v.))
SHAH MAHMOOD SELAB Defendant) Case No. 22-1449 MJ)
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ORDER OF L	DETENTION PENDING TRIAL
Part	I - Eligibility for Detention
Upon the	
	ey pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or art's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.
Part II - Findings of Fac	t and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)
	r 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable on of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person conditions have been met:
(a) a crime of violence, a violate	e of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): tion of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.
	naximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or aximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or
(c) an offense for which a maxi Controlled Substances Act (21	mum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act upter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or
(a) through (c) of this paragraph	as been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs h, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses through (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal imbination of such offenses; or
_ ` ' • •	vise a crime of violence but involves:
	ession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); on; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	n convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local of to Federal jurisdiction had existed; <i>a</i>	fense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise <i>nd</i>
	th (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was
	on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; <i>and</i>
(4) a period of not more than five ye	ars has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the

defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:	
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the	
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);	
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;	
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;	;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or	f
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.	
☑C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above	
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)	
OR	
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.	
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention	
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After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:	g,
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AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial
 ☐ Significant family or other ties outside the United States ☐ Lack of legal status in the United States ☐ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration ☐ Prior failure to appear in court as ordered ☐ Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement ☐ Use of alias(es) or false documents ☐ Background information unknown or unverified ☐ Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release
OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:
Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention
The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:

09/28/2022

/s/ Stephan M. Vidmar

United States Magistrate Judge